SHORELINE PLANTS GOAL: Deterring Geese



soil

Shrubs Bloom Colour Bloom Time Additional Notes Name Visual Soil Sun Sweet Gale, Sweet 1.2m (4 ft) Moist to very wet Full sun to part White Early spring Good for wave Bayberry (*Myrica gale*) shade breaks Elliptical green leaves have a pleasant smell Water loving plant when crushed White Meadowsweet White June to September 1.2m (4 ft) Moist to wet Part shade Good for wave (Spiraea alba) breaks Dense. pyramid-shaped Offers cover for spikelet of white waterfowl and other flowers with a pink to birds orange central ring Good in consistently moist soils Provides nesting and Pussy Willow (Salix 2-3m (6 - 10ft) Silver-Spring Wet Full sun to partial shelter to a variety of discolor) shade grey Shiny, bright green birds leaves Fast growing Silver-grey, fuzzy catkins (flowers) Short lived Can be aggressive if grown in continuously moist



Beaked Willow (Salix bebbiana)	Yellow- Straw coloured	Spring	2-3m (6 - 10ft) Catkins appear before dull grey leaves	Wet	Full sun to partial shade	Provides nesting and shelter to a variety of birds Fast growing Short lived
Sandbar Willow/ Narrow leaved willow (<i>Salix exigua</i>)	Yellow to green brown	Late spring to early summer	4m (13 ft) Greyish green leaves Catkins for flowers Helicopter-like fruits are reddish	Dry to wet	Full sun to part shade	Provides nesting and shelter to a variety of birds Drought resistant
Nannyberry/ Sweet Viburnum (Viburnum lentago)	White	May and June	5m (16 ft) Small, showy white flowers in clusters Leaves turn burgundy in fall Blue to black berries in the fall and winter	Wet to moist Can got in a variety of soil types and pH levels	Part shade to full sun	Good for uptake and removal of excess nutrients from the environment Easy to grow Wide spreading Good for hedgerows
Smooth Wild Rose (Rosa blanda)	Light pink with a yellow centre	June - July	1.5m (5ft) Dense; only a few thorns near the base Bright red rose hips after bloom through the winter	Dry to moist	Full sun to part shade	Provides shelter for a variety of birds Good for uptake and removal of excess nutrients from the environment Drought resistant; fast growth



Chokecherry (Prunus virginiana)	White	Late spring	6-9m (9-30 ft) Dense, cylindrical clusters of white flowers Cherry-like fruit starts red then darkens to purple-black	Dry to moist	Full sun to part shade	Good for use as a hedge row Cold and shade tolerant Can grow to be quite dense Used as shelter by a wild variety of wildlife all winter Browsed by large mammals
Silverberry/ Wolf Willow (Elaeagnus commutata)	Nondes-cript Yellow/ grey	June to July	5m (16 ft) Silvery green leaves Silver-green berries	Moist to wet Can grow in a variety of soil types	Full sun to part shade	Tolerant of poor, infertile, alkaline soil; drought Browse for a variety of animals Fast growing and spreading; long lifespan Good for use as a hedge row Transplants well; disease and insect resistant
Common Juniper (Juniperus communis)	Cones - females cones are dark blue berries	Spring	0.5m (1.5 ft) Wide-growing evergreen with blue-green needles	Dry	Full sun	Grows in wide mats



Northern Bayberry (<i>Myrica pensylvanica</i>)	Catkins - yellow- ish green	April and May	2m (6.5 ft) Leathery, dark green leaves Non-showy clusters of catkins Small, silver-grey fruits are present throughout the winter	Dry to moist Can grow in a variety of soil types and pH levels	Full sun to part shade	Very hardy and tolerant of harsh conditions (infertile soil, drought, etc.) Medium growth rate Not usually eaten by deer
Shadblow Serviceberry (<i>Amelanchier</i> canadensis)	White	Early spring - before leaves are produced	3-5m (10-16 ft) Leaves dark green; orange-red in fall Showy white flowers in clusters Purple berries in the fall	Dry to moist Can grow in a variety of soil types and pH levels	Full sun to part shade	Susceptible to many disease and insect pests - affects aesthetics rather than health of plant in most cases
Mountain Holly/ Catberry (<i>Ilex</i> <i>mucronata</i>)	Green- white	Spring	3m (10 ft) Light green leave; deep yellow in fall Small red berries produced after non-showy flowers	Moist to wet	Full sun to part shade	This is the only holly that is native to Eastern North America

